# Virginia's Veterinarian Workforce: 2018 

Healthcare Workforce Data Center

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# More than 3,000 veterinarians voluntarily participated in this survey. Without their efforts, the work of the center would not be possible. The Department of Health Professions, the Healthcare Workforce Data Center, and the Board of Veterinary Medicine express our sincerest appreciation for your ongoing cooperation. 

## Thank You!

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## The Veterinarian Workforce: <br> At a Glance:

## The Workforce

| Licensees: | 4,470 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Virginia's Workforce: | 3,322 |
| FTEs: | 3,119 |

Survey Response Rate
All Licensees: 71\%
Renewing Practitioners: 77\%

Demographics $\qquad$
Female: $\quad 70 \%$
Diversity Index: 20\%
Median Age: 45

| Background |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rural Childhood: | $29 \%$ |
| HS Diploma in VA: | $36 \%$ |
| Prof. Degree in VA: | $32 \%$ |

Education
DVM/VMD: 95\%
Bachelor of Science: 67\%

Finances
Median Inc.: \$90k-\$100k
Health Insurance: 52\%
Under 40 w/ Ed Debt: 76\%

## Current Employment <br> Employed in Prof.: 95\% <br> Hold 1 Full-Time Job: 69\% <br> Satisfied?: 92\%

## Job Turnover

Switched Jobs: 8\%
Employed Over 2 Yrs: 67\%

## Time Allocation

Patient Care: $\quad 90 \%-99 \%$
Administration: $\quad 1 \%-9 \%$
Patient Care Role: $\quad 86 \%$

# Full Time Equivalency Units Provided by Veterinarians per 1,000 Residents by Virginia Performs Region 

FTEs per 1,000 Residents


More than 3,000 veterinarians voluntarily took part in the 2018 Veterinarian Workforce Survey. The Virginia Department of Health Professions' Healthcare Workforce Data Center (HWDC) administers the survey during the license renewal process, which takes place every December for veterinarians. This year was the first time in which the HWDC has administered this survey to licensed veterinarians. These survey respondents represent $71 \%$ of the 4,470 veterinarians who are licensed in the state and $77 \%$ of renewing practitioners.

The HWDC estimates that 3,322 veterinarians participated in Virginia's workforce during the survey period, which is defined as those veterinarians who worked at least a portion of the year in the state or who live in the state and intend to return to work as a veterinarian at some point in the future. During the past year, Virginia's veterinarian workforce provided 3,119 "full-time equivalency units", which the HWDC defines simply as working 2,000 hours a year.

More than two-thirds of Virginia's veterinarian workforce is female, including 85\% of those veterinarians who are under the age of 40 . In a random encounter between two veterinarians, there is a $20 \%$ chance that they would be of different races or ethnicities, a measure that is known as the diversity index. For those veterinarians who are under the age of 40 , this diversity index increases to $26 \%$. However, both of these values are well below the diversity index of $56 \%$ for Virginia's overall population.

Nearly $30 \%$ of Virginia's veterinarians grew up in a rural area, and $18 \%$ of these professionals currently work in nonmetro areas of the state. In total, $9 \%$ of Virginia's veterinary workforce work in non-metro areas. More than one-third of all veterinarians earned their high school degree in Virginia, while $32 \%$ earned their initial professional degree in the state. Among all veterinarians, $45 \%$ currently carry education debt, including $76 \%$ of those who are under the age of 40 . For those with education debt, the median debt burden is between $\$ 110,000$ and $\$ 120,000$.

Over the past year, only $1 \%$ of Virginia's veterinarian workforce has been involuntarily unemployed. In addition, another 2\% of Virginia's veterinarians have been underemployed during the previous 12 months. Nearly $70 \%$ of all veterinarians currently hold one full-time job, while $14 \%$ hold two or more positions. Meanwhile, more than one-third of all veterinarians work between 40 and 49 hours per week. Another $12 \%$ of veterinarians work at least 60 hours per week.

The median annual income for Virginia's veterinarian workforce is between $\$ 90,000$ and $\$ 100,000$. More than twothirds of this workforce received that income in the form of a salary or commission, while another $11 \%$ received their income as an hourly wage. In addition, $70 \%$ of all veterinarians receive at least one employer-sponsored benefit. This includes $52 \%$ who receive health insurance and $49 \%$ who have access to a retirement plan. More than $90 \%$ of all veterinarians are satisfied with their current work situation, including $59 \%$ who indicate that they are "very satisfied".

More than one-third of all veterinarians work in Northern Virginia, the most of any region in the state. Along with Central Virginia and Hampton Roads, these three regions employ 72\% of Virginia's veterinarian workforce. Meanwhile, $95 \%$ of veterinarians work in the private sector, including $91 \%$ who are employed by for-profit institutions. With respect to establishment types, $47 \%$ work at group practices and $41 \%$ work at solo practices or partnerships.

Nearly all of a veterinarian's time is spent treating patients. The typical veterinarian will spend approximately $90 \%$ to $99 \%$ of her time in patient care activities and another $1 \%$ to $9 \%$ on administrative tasks. In addition, $86 \%$ of veterinarians serve a patient care role, which means that at least $60 \%$ of her time is spent treating patients. In their primary location, the typical veterinarian treats between 25 and 49 patients per week.

More than one-third of all veterinarians expect to retire by the age of 65 . Within the next ten years, $21 \%$ of Virginia's veterinarian workforce expect to retire, while half of the present workforce plan on retiring by 2043. With respect to future professional plans, $10 \%$ expect to pursue additional educational opportunities in the next two years, while $7 \%$ plan to increase their patient care activities.

## A Closer Look:

| Licensees |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| License Status | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Renewing <br> Practitioners | 3,875 | $87 \%$ |
| New Licensees | 304 | $7 \%$ |
| Non-Renewals | 291 | $7 \%$ |
| All Licensees | $\mathbf{4 , 4 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

HWDC surveys tend to achieve very high response rates. Among all renewing veterinarians, $77 \%$ submitted a survey. These respondents represent $71 \%$ of all veterinarians who held a license at some point in the past year.

## Response Rates

| Statistic | Response Rates |  | Response Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non Respondents | Respondents |  |
| By Age |  |  |  |
| Under 30 | 105 | 230 | 69\% |
| 30 to 34 | 164 | 435 | 73\% |
| 35 to 39 | 167 | 440 | 73\% |
| 40 to 44 | 140 | 414 | 75\% |
| 45 to 49 | 150 | 332 | 69\% |
| 50 to 54 | 135 | 352 | 72\% |
| 55 to 59 | 146 | 324 | 69\% |
| 60 and Over | 299 | 637 | 68\% |
| Total | 1,306 | 3,164 | 71\% |
| New Licenses |  |  |  |
| Issued in Past Year | 87 | 217 | 71\% |
| Metro Status |  |  |  |
| Non-Metro | 88 | 237 | 73\% |
| Metro | 849 | 2,011 | 70\% |
| Not in Virginia | 369 | 916 | 71\% |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

## Definitions

1. The Survey Period: The survey was conducted in December 2018.
2. Target Population: All veterinarians who held a Virginia license at some point between January 2018 and December 2018.
3. Survey Population: The survey was available to veterinarians who renewed their licenses online. It was not available to those who did not renew, including some veterinarians newly licensed in 2018.

| Response Rates |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Completed Surveys | 3,164 |
| Response Rate, All Licensees | $71 \%$ |
| Response Rate, Renewals | $77 \%$ |
| Source: Va. Heaththare Worfferce Dota Center |  |



Licensed Veterinarians
Number: 4,470
New:
7\%
Not Renewed:
7\%
Response Rates
All Licensees:
71\%
Renewing Practitioners: 77\%

## At a Glance:

## Workforce

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Veterinarian Workforce: } & 3,322 \\ \text { FTEs: } & 3,119\end{array}$
Utilization Ratios
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Licensees in VA Workforce: } & 74 \% \\ \text { Licensees per FTE: } & 1.43 \\ \text { Workers per FTE: } & 1.07\end{array}$

## Definitions

1. Virginia's Workforce: A licensee with a primary or secondary work site in Virginia at any time between January 2018 and December 2018 or who indicated intent to return to Virginia's workforce at any point in the future.
2. Full Time Equivalency Unit (FTE): The HWDC uses 2,000 ( 40 hours for 50 weeks) as its baseline measure for FTEs.
3. Licensees in VA Workforce: The proportion of licensees in Virginia's Workforce.
4. Licensees per FTE: An indication of the number of licensees needed to create 1 FTE. Higher numbers indicate lower licensee participation.
5. Workers per FTE: An indication of the number of workers in Virginia's workforce needed to create 1 FTE. Higher numbers indicate lower utilization of available workers.

[^0]
## A Closer Look:

| Age \& Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Male |  | Female |  | Total |  |
|  | \# | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { Male } \end{gathered}$ | \# | \% Female | \# | \% in Age Group |
| Under 30 | 29 | 10\% | 257 | 90\% | 287 | 9\% |
| 30 to 34 | 78 | 17\% | 389 | 83\% | 468 | 14\% |
| 35 to 39 | 64 | 15\% | 365 | 85\% | 430 | 13\% |
| 40 to 44 | 118 | 28\% | 305 | 72\% | 423 | 13\% |
| 45 to 49 | 96 | 27\% | 260 | 73\% | 356 | 11\% |
| 50 to 54 | 122 | 34\% | 242 | 67\% | 364 | 11\% |
| 55 to 59 | 123 | 37\% | 214 | 64\% | 337 | 10\% |
| 60 and Over | 351 | 60\% | 237 | 40\% | 587 | 18\% |
| Total | 982 | 30\% | 2,270 | 70\% | 3,251 | 100\% |

## Race \& Ethnicity

## At a Glance:

## Gender

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { \% Female: } & 70 \% \\ \text { \% Under } 40 \text { Female: } & 85 \%\end{array}$
Age
Median Age:
\% Under 40:
36\%
\% 55+: 28\%

## Diversity

Diversity Index:

| Race/ <br> Ethnicity | Virginia* |  | Veterinarians |  | Veterinarians <br> Under 40 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\%$ | $\#$ | $\%$ | $\#$ | $\%$ |  |
| White | $62 \%$ | 2,916 | $90 \%$ | 1,016 | $86 \%$ |  |
| Black | $19 \%$ | 60 | $2 \%$ | 27 | $2 \%$ |  |
| Asian | $6 \%$ | 96 | $3 \%$ | 51 | $4 \%$ |  |
| Other Race | $0 \%$ | 26 | $1 \%$ | 8 | $1 \%$ |  |
| Two or More <br> races | $3 \%$ | 73 | $2 \%$ | 40 | $3 \%$ |  |
| Hispanic | $9 \%$ | 86 | $3 \%$ | 43 | $4 \%$ |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 2 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |  |

*Population data in this chart is from the US Census, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States, States, and Counties: July 1, 2017.
Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Among the 36\% of veterinarians who are under the age of $40,85 \%$ are female. In addition, the diversity index of these professionals is $26 \%$.


Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

## A Closer Look:

## At a Glance:

| Primary Location: <br> USDA Rural Urban Continuum |  | Rural Status of Childhood Location |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code | Description | Rural | Suburban | Urban |
| Metro Counties |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Metro, 1 Million+ | 23\% | 67\% | 10\% |
| 2 | Metro, 250,000 to 1 Million | 34\% | 58\% | 8\% |
| 3 | Metro, 250,000 or Less | 39\% | 53\% | 8\% |
| Non-Metro Counties |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Urban Pop 20,000+, Metro Adjacent | 58\% | 42\% | 0\% |
| 6 | Urban Pop, 2,500-19,999, Metro Adjacent | 55\% | 40\% | 5\% |
| 7 | Urban Pop, 2,500-19,999, Non-Adjacent | 74\% | 24\% | 2\% |
| 8 | Rural, Metro Adjacent | 54\% | 40\% | 6\% |
| 9 | Rural, Non-Adjacent | 40\% | 60\% | 0\% |
|  | Overall | 29\% | 62\% | 9\% |



[^1]
## Top Ten States for Veterinarian Recruitment

| Rank | All Veterinarians |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | High School | $\#$ | Professional School | $\#$ |  |
|  | Virginia | 1,158 | Virginia | 1,026 |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Maryland | 243 | Outside U.S./Canada | 359 |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | New York | 181 | Georgia | 186 |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Pennsylvania | 135 | Alabama | 167 |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | New Jersey | 130 | Ohio | 143 |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Outside U.S./Canada | 129 | Pennsylvania | 132 |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | North Carolina | 105 | North Carolina | 129 |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Florida | 92 | New York | 116 |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Ohio | 91 | Tennessee | 108 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | California | 83 | Florida | 72 |  |
| Source: va. Heathtcare Worffore Data Center |  |  |  |  |  |



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

|  | Rank | Licensed in the Past 5 Years |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | High School | \# | Professional School | \# |
|  | 1 | Virginia | 275 | Virginia | 216 |
| Among veterinarians who received their initial license in the past five years, $32 \%$ earned their high school degree in Virginia, while $26 \%$ received their initial professional degree in the state. | 2 | Maryland | 72 | Outside U.S./Canada | 159 |
|  | 3 | Outside U.S./Canada | 51 | North Carolina | 36 |
|  | 4 | New York | 36 | Alabama | 32 |
|  | 5 | North Carolina | 35 | Tennessee | 32 |
|  | 6 | Florida | 34 | Pennsylvania | 30 |
|  | 7 | New Jersey | 33 | New York | 27 |
|  | 8 | Pennsylvania | 31 | Florida | 26 |
|  | 9 | California | 29 | Ohio | 24 |
|  | 10 | West Virginia | 18 | California | 24 |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


More than one-quarter of licensed veterinarians were not part of the state's veterinarian workforce. Among these licensees, $88 \%$ worked at some point in the past year, and 83\% currently work as veterinarians.

## At a Glance:

Not in VA Workforce
Total:
1,146
\% of Licensees:
26\%
Federal/Military:
Va Border State/DC:
11\%
22\%

## A Closer Look:

| Education |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Degree | $\#$ | $\%$ of <br> Workforce |
| Graduate Certificate | 73 | $2 \%$ |
| Bachelor of Science | 2,223 | $67 \%$ |
| Other Bachelor's Degree | 387 | $12 \%$ |
| Master's Degree | 449 | $14 \%$ |
| PhD | 71 | $2 \%$ |
| DVM/VMD | 3,147 | $95 \%$ |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


More than four out of every ten veterinarians carry education debt, including $76 \%$ of those under the age of 40 . For those with education debt, their median debt burden is between $\$ 110,000$ and $\$ 120,000$.

Other Education/Training

| Other Education/Training |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Residency/Specialty Training | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Surgery | 106 | $3 \%$ |
| Internal Medicine | 71 | $2 \%$ |
| Critical Care/Emergency | 53 | $2 \%$ |
| Public Health | 49 | $1 \%$ |
| Equine Practice | 45 | $1 \%$ |
| Canine/Feline Practice | 43 | $1 \%$ |
| Dentistry | 34 | $1 \%$ |
| Laboratory Animal Medicine | 26 | $1 \%$ |
| Sports Medicine/Rehabilitation | 24 | $1 \%$ |
| Pathology | 22 | $1 \%$ |
| At Least One | $\mathbf{5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$ |
| Other Education | \# | $\%$ |
| Preventative Medicine | 304 | $9 \%$ |
| Theriogenology | 88 | $3 \%$ |
| Other | 283 | $9 \%$ |
| At Least One | $\mathbf{6 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 \%}$ |

[^2]
## At a Glance:

## Education <br> DVM/VMD: 95\% <br> Bachelor of Science: 67\%

Educational Debt
Carry Debt: 45\%
Under Age 40 w/ Debt: 76\%
Median Debt: \$110k-\$120k
Training Program
Surgery: 3\%
Internal Medicine: 2\%
Critical Care/Emergency: 2\%

| Educational Debt |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount Carried | All Veterinarians |  | Veterinarians Under 40 |  |
|  | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| None | 1,527 | 55\% | 256 | 24\% |
| Less than \$20,000 | 85 | 3\% | 46 | 4\% |
| \$20,000-\$39,999 | 106 | 4\% | 43 | 4\% |
| \$40,000-\$59,999 | 113 | 4\% | 29 | 3\% |
| \$60,000-\$79,999 | 133 | 5\% | 52 | 5\% |
| \$80,000-\$99,999 | 117 | 4\% | 69 | 7\% |
| \$100,000-\$119,999 | 99 | 4\% | 70 | 7\% |
| \$120,000-\$139,999 | 79 | 3\% | 52 | 5\% |
| \$140,000-\$159,999 | 73 | 3\% | 43 | 4\% |
| \$160,000-\$179,999 | 61 | 2\% | 50 | 5\% |
| \$180,000-\$199,999 | 45 | 2\% | 37 | 3\% |
| \$200,000 or More | 356 | 13\% | 311 | 29\% |
| Total | 2,793 | 100\% | 1,059 | 100\% |

[^3]
## At a Glance:

## Employment

Employed in Profession: 95\%
Involuntarily Unemployed: < 1\%

## Positions Held

1 Full-Time:

## Weekly Hours: <br> 40 to 49: <br> 37\% <br> 60 or More: <br> 12\% <br> Less Than 30: $\quad 13 \%$

A Closer Look:

| Current Work Status |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Status | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Employed, Capacity Unknown | 3 | $<1 \%$ |
| Employed in a Veterinary-Related <br> Capacity | 3,047 | $95 \%$ |
| Employed, NOT in a Veterinary- <br> Related Capacity | 37 | $1 \%$ |
| Not Working, Reason Unknown | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Involuntarily Unemployed | 4 | $<1 \%$ |
| Voluntarily Unemployed | 55 | $2 \%$ |
| Retired | 51 | $2 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 1 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Among all veterinarians, $95 \%$ are currently employed in the
profession, and less than 1\% are involuntarily unemployed. In addition, $69 \%$ currently hold one full-time job, while $14 \%$ hold multiple positions.

| Current Positions |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Positions | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| No Positions | 110 | $4 \%$ |
| One Part-Time Position | 432 | $14 \%$ |
| Two Part-Time Positions | 109 | $3 \%$ |
| One Full-Time Position | 2,151 | $69 \%$ |
|  <br> One Part-Time Position | 228 | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ |
| Two Full-Time Positions | 16 | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ |
| More than Two Positions | 85 | $\mathbf{3 \%}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 1 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
| Source: Va. Heathcare Worfforce Oata Center |  |  |

Current Weekly Hours

| Hours | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ Hours | 110 | $4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{9}$ Hours | 67 | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ Hours | 130 | $4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ to $\mathbf{2 9}$ Hours | 205 | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ to $\mathbf{3 9}$ Hours | 579 | $19 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ to $\mathbf{4 9}$ Hours | 1,152 | $37 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ to $\mathbf{5 9}$ Hours | 494 | $16 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ to $\mathbf{6 9}$ Hours | 233 | $8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7 0}$ to $\mathbf{7 9}$ Hours | 77 | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{8 0}$ or More Hours | 50 | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 0 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

## A Closer Look:

| Income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Income | \# | \% |
| Volunteer Work Only | 26 | 1\% |
| Less than \$40,000 | 268 | 11\% |
| \$40,000-\$59,999 | 217 | 9\% |
| \$60,000-\$79,999 | 404 | 16\% |
| \$80,000-\$99,999 | 525 | 21\% |
| \$100,000-\$119,999 | 374 | 15\% |
| \$120,000-\$139,999 | 259 | 11\% |
| \$140,000-\$159,999 | 140 | 6\% |
| \$160,000-\$179,999 | 76 | 3\% |
| \$180,000-\$199,999 | 44 | 2\% |
| \$200,000 or More | 135 | 6\% |
| Total | 2,471 | 100\% |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


The typical veterinarian earned between $\$ 90,000$ and $\$ 100,000$ in the past year. Among veterinarians who were compensated at their primary work location with either a salary or an hourly wage, $58 \%$ received health insurance and 55\% had access to a retirement plan.

| Job Satisfaction |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Level | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Very Satisfied | 1,811 | $59 \%$ |
| Somewhat Satisfied | 1,011 | $33 \%$ |
| Somewhat <br> Dissatisfied | 207 | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ |
| Very Dissatisfied | 49 | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 0 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

| Employer-Sponsored Benefits |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benefit | $\#$ | $\%$ | $\%$ of Wage/Salary <br> Employees |
| Paid Vacation | 1,695 | $56 \%$ | $64 \%$ |
| Health Insurance | 1,582 | $52 \%$ | $58 \%$ |
| Retirement | 1,479 | $49 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| Paid Sick Leave | 1,125 | $37 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| Dental Insurance | 1,103 | $36 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| Group Life Insurance | 720 | $24 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| Signing/Retention Bonus | 227 | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $9 \%$ |
| Received At Least One Benefit | $\mathbf{2 , 1 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 8 \%}$ |

*From any employer at time of survey.
Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

## A Closer Look:

| Employment Instability in Past Year |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| In The Past Year Did You . . ? | \# | $\%$ |
| Experience Involuntary Unemployment? | 29 | $1 \%$ |
| Experience Voluntary Unemployment? | 168 | $5 \%$ |
| Work Part-Time or Temporary Positions, but Would <br> Have Preferred a Full-Time/Permanent Position? | 64 | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| Work Two or More Positions at the Same Time? | 514 | $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ |
| Switch Employers or Practices? | 270 | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ |
| Experienced At Least One | $\mathbf{8 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Only 1\% of veterinarians experienced involuntary unemployment at some point in the past year. By comparison, Virginia's average monthly unemployment rate was $3.0 \%$ during the same time period. ${ }^{1}$


## Location Tenure

|  | Primary |  | Secondary |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tenure | $\#$ | $\%$ | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Not Currently Working at This <br> Location | 68 | $2 \%$ | 24 | $4 \%$ |
| Less than 6 Months | 275 | $9 \%$ | 100 | $16 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6}$ Months to 1 Year | 213 | $7 \%$ | 56 | $9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ to 2 Years | 460 | $15 \%$ | 106 | $17 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ to 5 Years | 611 | $20 \%$ | 122 | $19 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6}$ to 10 Years | 409 | $13 \%$ | 74 | $12 \%$ |
| More Than 10 Years | 1,004 | $33 \%$ | 148 | $\mathbf{2 3 \%}$ |
| Subtotal | $\mathbf{3 , 0 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
| Did Not Have Location | 57 |  | $\mathbf{2 , 6 3 8}$ |  |
| Item Missing | 225 |  | 53 |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 3 2 2}$ |  | $\mathbf{3 , 3 2 2}$ |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

More than two-thirds of all veterinarians receive a salary or commission at their primary work location.

## At a Glance:

Unemployment Experience Involuntarily Unemployed: 1\% Underemployed: 2\%

## Turnover \& Tenure

Switched Jobs:
New Location: 21\%
Over 2 Years: 67\%

$$
\text { Over } 2 \text { Yrs, } 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Location: }
$$

## Employment Type <br> Salary/Commission: 69\% Business/Practice Income: 16\%

Among all veterinarians, 67\% have worked at their primary work location for at least two years.

| Employment Type |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Primary Work Site | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Salary/Commission | 1,773 | $69 \%$ |
| Business/Practice <br> Income | 415 | $16 \%$ |
| Hourly Wage | 285 | $11 \%$ |
| By Contract/Per <br> Diem | 72 | $3 \%$ |
| Unpaid | 14 | $1 \%$ |
| Subtotal | $\mathbf{2 , 5 5 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
| Did Not Have <br> Location | 57 |  |
| Item Missing | 707 |  |
| Sause vareathcre |  |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^4]
## At a Glance:

Concentration

| Top Region: | $35 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Top 3 Regions: | $72 \%$ |
| Lowest Region: | $2 \%$ |

## Locations

2 or more (Past Year):
22\%
2 or more (Now*): 20\%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

More than one-third of all veterinarians work in Northern Virginia, the most of any region in the state. Along with Central Virginia and Hampton Roads, these three regions employ $72 \%$ of all veterinarians in the state.


| Number of Work Locations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Locations | Work Locations in Past Year |  | Work Locations Now* |  |
|  | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| 0 | 49 | 2\% | 103 | 3\% |
| 1 | 2,361 | 76\% | 2,378 | 77\% |
| 2 | 414 | 13\% | 377 | 12\% |
| 3 | 135 | 4\% | 156 | 5\% |
| 4 | 35 | 1\% | 27 | 1\% |
| 5 | 31 | 1\% | 13 | 0\% |
| 6 or <br> More | 67 | 2\% | 39 | 1\% |
| Total | 3,093 | 100\% | 3,093 | 100\% |

[^5]A Closer Look:

| Regional Distribution of Work Locations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Virginia Performs Region | Primary Location |  | Secondary Location |  |
|  | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| Central | 617 | 20\% | 105 | 16\% |
| Eastern | 47 | 2\% | 11 | 2\% |
| Hampton Roads | 506 | 17\% | 125 | 19\% |
| Northern | 1,063 | 35\% | 192 | 29\% |
| Southside | 63 | 2\% | 10 | 2\% |
| Southwest | 119 | 4\% | 18 | 3\% |
| Valley | 230 | 8\% | 55 | 8\% |
| West Central | 329 | 11\% | 59 | 9\% |
| Virginia Border State/DC | 6 | 0\% | 16 | 2\% |
| Other US State | 40 | 1\% | 71 | 11\% |
| Outside of the US | 1 | 0\% | 4 | 1\% |
| Total | 3,021 | 100\% | 666 | 100\% |
| Item Missing | 243 |  | 19 |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


While 20\% of veterinarians currently have multiple work locations, $22 \%$ have had multiple work locations over the past year.

## A Closer Look:

| Location Sector |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Primary <br> Location | Secondary <br> Location |  |  |
|  | $\#$ | $\%$ | $\#$ | $\%$ |
|  | 2,604 | $91 \%$ | 508 | $86 \%$ |
| Non-Profit | 102 | $4 \%$ | 48 | $8 \%$ |
| State/Local Government | 90 | $3 \%$ | 17 | $3 \%$ |
| Veterans Administration | 1 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| U.S. Military | 18 | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ | 10 | $2 \%$ |
| Other Federal <br> Government | 44 | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ | 10 | $2 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 8 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
| Did Not Have Location | 57 |  | $\mathbf{2 , 6 3 8}$ |  |
| Item Missing | $\mathbf{4 0 5}$ |  | 91 |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

## At a Glance:

(Primary Locations)
Sector
For Profit:
91\%
Federal:

## Top Establishments

Group Practice: 47\%
Solo Practice: 41\%
Veterinary Edu. Program: 2\%


Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

| Location Type |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishment Type | Primary <br> Location |  | Secondary <br> Location |  |
|  | $\#$ | $\%$ | $\#$ | $\%$ |
| Group Practice | 1,302 | $47 \%$ | 233 | $40 \%$ |
| Solo Practice/Partnership | 1,140 | $41 \%$ | 212 | $37 \%$ |
| Veterinary Education Program | 65 | $2 \%$ | 14 | $2 \%$ |
| Public Health Program | 34 | $1 \%$ | 14 | $2 \%$ |
| Non-Veterinary Education <br> Program | 17 | $1 \%$ | 6 | $1 \%$ |
| Veterinary Technology <br> Education Program | 8 | $0 \%$ | 3 | $1 \%$ |
| Supplier Organization | 7 | $0 \%$ | 3 | $1 \%$ |
| Other Practice Setting | 214 | $8 \%$ | 94 | $16 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 7 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
| Did Not Have Location | 57 |  | 2,638 |  |



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


| Time Allocation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Spent | Patient Care |  | Admin. |  | Education |  | Research |  | Other |  |
|  | Prim. Site | Sec. Site | Prim. Site | Sec. Site | Prim. Site | Sec. Site | Prim. Site | Sec. Site | Prim. Site | Sec. Site |
| All or Almost All (80-100\%) | 71\% | 75\% | 2\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | 4\% |
| Most (60-79\%) | 15\% | 7\% | 1\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| About Half (40-59\%) | 5\% | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| Some (20-39\%) | 2\% | 2\% | 13\% | 6\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { A Little } \\ & \text { (1-19\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 3\% | 5\% | 45\% | 24\% | 34\% | 21\% | 5\% | 4\% | 10\% | 7\% |
| None (0\%) | 4\% | 10\% | 35\% | 62\% | 61\% | 74\% | 93\% | 95\% | 86\% | 88\% |

[^6]
## A Closer Look:



## At a Glance:

Patient Workload (Median)
Primary Location:
25-49
Secondary Location: 1-24

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

| \# of Patients Per Week | Patient Care Visits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Primary |  | Secondary |  |
|  | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| None | 189 | 7\% | 79 | 13\% |
| 1-24 | 577 | 20\% | 306 | 51\% |
| 25-49 | 845 | 29\% | 101 | 17\% |
| 50-74 | 633 | 22\% | 56 | 9\% |
| 75-99 | 335 | 12\% | 26 | 4\% |
| 100-124 | 148 | 5\% | 8 | 1\% |
| 125-149 | 66 | 2\% | 8 | 1\% |
| 150-174 | 25 | 1\% | 7 | 1\% |
| 175-199 | 10 | 0\% | 3 | 1\% |
| 200 or More | 47 | 2\% | 2 | 0\% |
| Total | 2,875 | 100\% | 596 | 100\% |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

## A Closer Look:

| Retirement Expectations |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expected Retirement <br> Age | All <br> Veterinarians |  | Veterinarians over 50 |  |
|  | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| Under Age 50 | 42 | 2\% | - | - |
| 50 to 54 | 108 | 4\% | 11 | 1\% |
| 55 to 59 | 243 | 9\% | 46 | 5\% |
| 60 to 64 | 601 | 22\% | 202 | 20\% |
| 65 to 69 | 801 | 30\% | 336 | 33\% |
| 70 to 74 | 391 | 15\% | 187 | 18\% |
| 75 to 79 | 121 | 5\% | 52 | 5\% |
| 80 or Over | 57 | 2\% | 19 | 2\% |
| I Do Not Intend to Retire | 309 | 12\% | 163 | 16\% |
| Total | 2,672 | 100\% | 1,016 | 100\% |

## At a Glance:

Retirement Expectations All Veterinarians
Under 65:
37\%
Under 60:
15\%
Veterinarians 50 and Over
Under 65:
25\%
Under 60: 6\%
Time until Retirement
Within 2 Years:
5\%
Within 10 Years:
21\%
Half the Workforce:
By 2043

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

More than one out of every three veterinarians expect to retire by the age of 65. Among veterinarians who are already at least age 50, one-quarter expect to retire by age 65.


| Future Plans |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Year Plans: | $\#$ | $\%$ |  |  |
| Decrease Participation |  |  |  |  |
| Leave Profession | 63 | $2 \%$ |  |  |
| Leave Virginia | 152 | $5 \%$ |  |  |
| Decrease Patient Care Hours | 403 | $12 \%$ |  |  |
| Decrease Teaching Hours | 17 | $1 \%$ |  |  |
| Increase Participation |  |  |  |  |
| Increase Patient Care Hours | 235 | $7 \%$ |  |  |
| Increase Teaching Hours | 110 | $3 \%$ |  |  |
| Pursue Additional Education | 323 | $10 \%$ |  |  |
| Return to Virginia's Workforce | 11 | $0 \%$ |  |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Time to Retirement

| Expect to Retire Within. | \# | \% | Cumulative \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Years | 140 | 5\% | 5\% |
| 5 Years | 83 | 3\% | 8\% |
| 10 Years | 328 | 12\% | 21\% |
| 15 Years | 253 | 9\% | 30\% |
| 20 Years | 288 | 11\% | 41\% |
| 25 Years | 282 | 11\% | 51\% |
| 30 Years | 298 | 11\% | 63\% |
| 35 Years | 265 | 10\% | 72\% |
| 40 Years | 227 | 8\% | 81\% |
| 45 Years | 121 | 5\% | 86\% |
| 50 Years | 47 | 2\% | 87\% |
| 55 Years | 15 | 1\% | 88\% |
| In More Than 55 Years | 15 | 1\% | 88\% |
| Do Not Intend to Retire | 309 | 12\% | 100\% |
| Total | 2,672 | 100\% |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


Using these estimates, retirement will begin to reach over $10 \%$ of the current workforce every five years by 2028. Retirement will peak at $12 \%$ of the current workforce in 2028 before declining to under $10 \%$ of the current workforce around 2058.



The typical veterinarian provided 0.96 FTEs in the past year, or approximately 38 hours per week for 50 weeks. Although FTEs appear to vary by age and gender, statistical tests did not verify that a difference exists. ${ }^{3}$

| Full-Time Equivalency Units |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Average |  |
| Age |  |  |
| Under $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 0.83 |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ to $\mathbf{3 4}$ | 0.92 |  |
| $\mathbf{3 5}$ to $\mathbf{3 9}$ | 0.80 |  |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ to $\mathbf{4 4}$ | 1.03 |  |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ to $\mathbf{4 9}$ | 0.93 |  |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ to $\mathbf{5 4}$ | 1.01 |  |
| $\mathbf{5 5}$ to $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 1.95 |  |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ and | 1.03 |  |
| $\mathbf{O v e r}$ | 0.89 |  |
|  | Gender |  |
| Male | 1.01 |  |
| Female | 0.93 |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^7]


Full Time Equivalency Units Provided by Veterinarians per 1,000 Residents by Area Health Education Center

Source: Va Healthcare Work force Data Center


Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: July 1, 2017 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division
$\qquad$
$25 \quad 50$

100
150
200 Miles


## Full Time Equivalency Units Provided by Veterinarians by Workforce Investment Area

Source: Va Healthcare Work force Data Center
Full Time Equivalency Units

| $\square$ | $29-32$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | $55-72$ |
|  | $112-156$ |
|  | $238-390$ |
| 767 |  |



Full Time Equivalency Units Provided by Veterinarians per 1,000 Residents by Workforce Investment Area

Source: Va Healthcare Work force Data Center
FTEs per 1,000 Residents



# Full Time Equivalency Units Provided by Veterinarians by Planning District 

Source: Va Healthcare Work force Data Center
Full Time Equivalency Units


Full Time Equivalency Units Provided by Veterinarians per 1,000 Residents by Planning District

Source: Va Healthcare Work force Data Center
FTEs per 1,000 Residents


## Appendix A: Weights

| Rural Status | Location Weight |  |  | Total Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# | Rate | Weight | Min | Max |
| Metro, 1 <br> Million+ | 2,089 | 69.41\% | 1.44069 | 1.36431 | 1.49809 |
| Metro, 250,000 to <br> 1 Million | 233 | 69.10\% | 1.447205 | 1.37048 | 1.50487 |
| Metro, 250,000 or Less | 538 | 74.35\% | 1.345 | 1.27369 | 1.39859 |
| Urban Pop 20,000+, <br> Metro Adj. | 27 | 66.67\% | 1.5 | 1.42047 | 1.55977 |
| Urban Pop 20,000+, <br> Non-Adj. | 0 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban Pop, } \\ & \text { 2,500- } \\ & \text { 19,999, } \\ & \text { Metro Adj. } \end{aligned}$ | 150 | 74.67\% | 1.339286 | 1.26828 | 1.39265 |
| Urban Pop, 2,500- <br> 19,999, <br> Non-Adj. | 50 | 80.00\% | 1.25 | 1.18373 | 1.29981 |
| Rural, Metro Adj. | 77 | 70.13\% | 1.425926 | 1.35033 | 1.48274 |
| Rural, NonAdj. | 21 | 61.90\% | 1.615385 | 1.52974 | 1.67975 |
| Virginia Border State/DC | 644 | 71.27\% | 1.40305 | 1.32866 | 1.45895 |
| Other US <br> State | 641 | 71.29\% | 1.402626 | 1.32826 | 1.45851 |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

| Age | Age Weight |  |  | Total Weight |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\#$ | Rate | Weight | Min | Max |
|  | 335 | $68.66 \%$ | 1.456522 | 1.28842 | 1.54611 |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ to $\mathbf{3 4}$ | 599 | $72.62 \%$ | 1.377011 | 1.21809 | 1.57415 |
| $\mathbf{3 5}$ to $\mathbf{3 9}$ | 607 | $72.49 \%$ | 1.379545 | 1.22033 | 1.57704 |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ to $\mathbf{4 4}$ | 554 | $74.73 \%$ | 1.338164 | 1.18373 | 1.52974 |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ to $\mathbf{4 9}$ | 482 | $68.88 \%$ | 1.451807 | 1.28425 | 1.5411 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ to $\mathbf{5 4}$ | 487 | $72.28 \%$ | 1.383523 | 1.22385 | 1.58159 |
| $\mathbf{5 5}$ to $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 470 | $68.94 \%$ | 1.450617 | 1.2832 | 1.53984 |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Over |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

See the Methods section on the HWDC website for details on HWDC Methods:
www.dhp.virginia.gov/hwdc/

Final weights are calculated by multiplying the two weights and the overall response rate:

Age Weight x Rural Weight x Response Rate = Final Weight.

Overall Response Rate: $\mathbf{0 . 7 0 7 6 7 2}$


Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center


[^0]:    Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^1]:    Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^2]:    Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^3]:    Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ As reported by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics. The non-seasonally adjusted monthly unemployment rate fell from $3.7 \%$ in January 2018 to $2.6 \%$ in December 2018. The unemployment rate from December 2018 was still preliminary at the time of publication.

[^5]:    *At the time of survey completion, Dec. 2018. Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^6]:    Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

[^7]:    ${ }^{2}$ Number of residents in 2017 was used as the denominator.
    ${ }^{3}$ Due to assumption violations in Mixed between-within ANOVA (Levene's Test and Interaction Effect were significant).

